

Mass Flow Controller (MFC)/ Mass Flow Meter (MFM) for gases



Type 8745 can be combined with...



Type 6013



Type 6027



Type 0330



Type 0290

- Nominal flow ranges from 20 I_N/min up to 2500 I_N/min
- High accuracy and repeatability
- Communication via standard signals or Industrial Ethernet
- Electromagnetic and motor-driven valve actuation available
- Easy device exchange through configuration memory

The MFC / MFM type 8745 is suitable for the mass flow control of high flow rates. Type 8745 can be configured as MFM or MFC. Optional, four different gases can be calibrated.

The thermal inline sensor is located directly in the main gas stream and therefore reaches very fast response times. A direct-acting proportional valve as regulating unit guarantees high sensitivity. The integrated PI controller ensures outstanding control characteristics of the MFC / MFM.

MFC Type 8745 is available in two versions: with electromagnetic proportional valve and with motor-driven proportional valve.

| Technical data | |
|---|--|
| Operating medium | Neutral, non-contaminated gases, others on request |
| Calibration medium | Operating gas or air with correction function |
| Medium temperature | -10 °C ¹⁾ to +70 °C (-10 °C ¹⁾ to +60 °C with oxygen) |
| Ambient temperature | -10 °C to +50 °C (higher temperatures on request) |
| Materials | Body: Stainless steel or aluminium Housing: PC (Polycarbonate) Seals: FKM or EPDM (depending on gas) ²⁾ |
| Port connection | G or NPT ¼", ⅜", ½", ¾", 1" Sub-base |
| Operating voltage | 24 V DC |
| Voltage tolerance | ±10 % |
| Residual ripple | ±2 % |
| Configuration memory (included in delivery) | EEPROM (µSIM card: bus relevant data and information about spec. control loop in order to ease replacement) |
| Installation | Horizontal or vertical |
| Software tool | Bürkert Communicator |
| Electrical connection | |
| Industrial Ethernet | PROFINET, Ethernet/IP, EtherCAT, Modbus-TCP via 2 x RJ45 (Switch) ³⁾ |
| Analog | 4-20 mA, 0-20 mA, 0-10 V or 0-5 V via D-Sub 9 ⁴⁾ or terminal block |
| Input impedance | >20 kΩ (voltage), <300 Ω (current) |
| Max. current (voltage output) | 10 mA |
| Max. load (current output) | 600 Ω |

¹⁾ When using a motor valve the minimum medium temperature is 0 °C.

²⁾ When using a motor valve additionally:

- Type 3280 DN4: Seat seal in PEEK

- Type 3285: Seat seal in Al₂O₃

³⁾ Supply voltage via separate terminal block.

⁴⁾ The analog version with D-Sub9 features an additional digital input and a relay output.

Nom. flow ranges of typical gases

| Gas (other gases on request) | Min. Q_{nom} [l_N/min] | Max. Q_{nom} [l_N/min] |
|------------------------------|------------------------------|------------------------------|
| Acetylene | 20 | 975 |
| Ammonia | 8 | 1000 |
| Argon | 20 | 1600 |
| Carbon dioxide | 20 | 800 |
| Air, Oxygen, Nitrogen | 20 | 2500 |
| Methane | 20 | 400 |
| Propane | 20 | 400 |

Technical data: Type 8745 with solenoid proportional valve

Type 8745 can be configured as MFM or MFC. For MFCs the direct-acting proportional valves of Types 287x are used. These solenoid proportional valves are normally closed and stand for highest accuracy and repeatability with settling/response times of a few hundred milliseconds.

| Technical data | |
|--|--|
| Nominal flow range (Q_{nom}) | 20...1500 l_N/min (N_2), MFM up to 2500 l_N/min (N_2) |
| Turndown ratio | 50:1 ⁵⁾ |
| Max. operating pressure Data in overpressure to atmospheric pressure | 10 bar (with MFCs the max. pressure depends on the orifice of the valve) optional up to 25 bar for MFM |
| Accuracy | ±1.5 % o.R. ±0.3 % F.S. (after 15 min. warm up time) |
| Repeatability | ±0.1 % F.S. |
| Settling/Response time (t95 %) | <500 ms |
| Proportional valve (solenoid) Valve orifice range K_{vs} value range | normally closed 0.8 ... 12 mm 0.02...2.5 m^3/h |
| Power consumption⁶⁾ | Max. 4 W (as MFM) Max. 12.5 ... 31.5 W (as MFC, depending on proportional valve type) |
| Protection class | IP20 |
| Dimensions | See pages 5-7 |
| Total weight | ca. 1.8 kg (AI, 16 W valve), ca. 3.1 kg (VA, 16 W valve) |
| Device status | RGB-LED based on NAMUR NE107 |

⁵⁾ With vertical installation and flow downwards the turndown ratio is 10:1

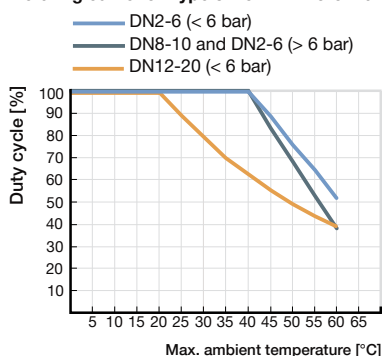
⁶⁾ Referring to the typical power consumption (at 23 °C ambient temperature, nominal flow and 30 min. regular operation) The data according to UL 61010-1 may differ (see manual)

Technical data: Type 8745 with motor-driven proportional valve

The Type 8745 with motor-driven valves is especially designed for applications with high inlet pressures of up to 22 bars or high flow rates (at a low pressure drop). The motor's power consumption to hold a specific opening position is nearly zero. This key feature can reduce the energy consumption of a plant dramatically. Without electrical power the valve remains in its current position.

The maximum duty cycle of the motor depends on the ambient temperature. The duty cycle does not refer to the duty cycle of the device but to the duty cycle of the motor. The motor is not switched on unless the valve is to move. Frequent set-point value changes will drastically increase the duty cycle of the motor.

Derating curve for Type 8745 with motor valve



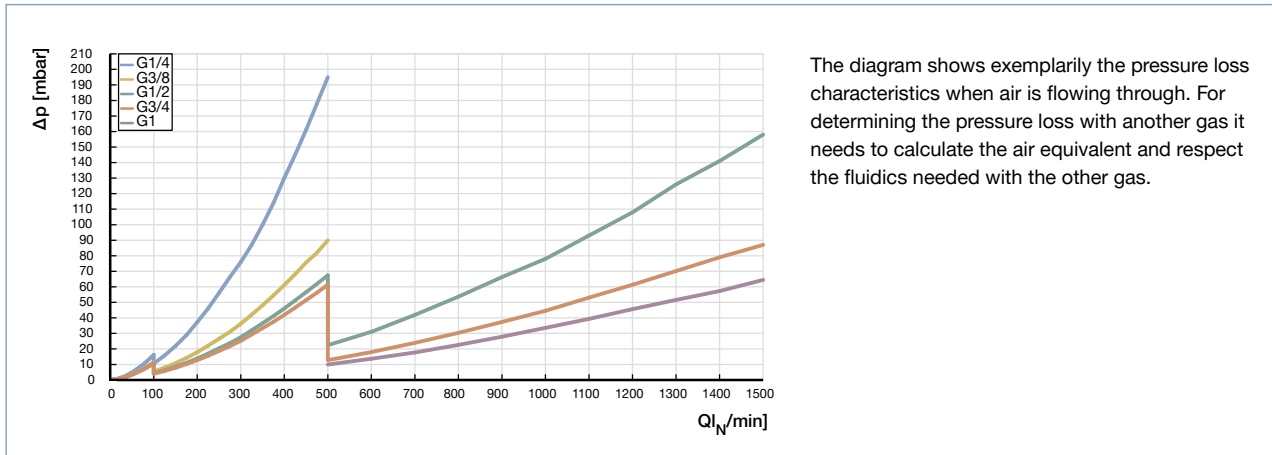
| Technical data | |
|--|--|
| Nominal flow range (Q_{nom}) | 20...2500 l_N/min (N_2) |
| Turndown ratio | 50:1 ⁷⁾ |
| Max. operating pressure Data in overpressure to atmospheric pressure | 22 bar (with MFCs the max. pressure depends on the orifice of the valve) |
| Accuracy | ±2 % o.R. ±0.5 % F.S. (after 15 min. warm up time) |
| Repeatability | ±0.5 % F.S. |
| Settling/Response time (t95 %) | <5 sec. |
| Proportional valve (motor-driven) Valve orifice range K_{vs} value range | normally persistent 2...20 mm 0.5...7.8 m^3/h |
| Power consumption⁸⁾ | Max. 4 W (as MFM) Max. 12 W (as MFC) ⁸⁾ |
| Protection class | IP20 |
| Dimensions | See pages 8-9 |
| Total weight | ca. 1.67 kg (AI, standard, valve 3280), ca. 2.94 kg (VA, standard, valve 3280) |
| Device status⁹⁾ | For MFM: RGB-LED acc. to NAMUR NE107 For valve: RGB-LED to indicate the valve opening |

⁷⁾ With vertical installation and flow downwards the turndown ratio is 10:1

⁸⁾ Data during moving of the valve. The power to hold a specific valve opening <1 W

⁹⁾ Detailed description of the LED colours: see manual

Pressure Loss Diagram of a MFM (ref. to air)



Notes Regarding the Configuration

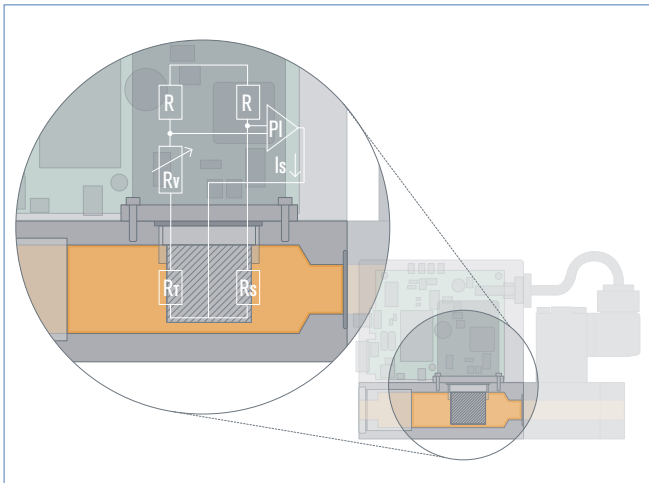
For the proper choice of the actuator orifice within the MFC, not only should the required maximum flow rate Q_{nom} be known, but also the pressure values directly before and after the MFC (p_1 , p_2) at this flow rate Q_{nom} should be known.

In general, these pressures are not the same as the overall inlet and outlet pressures of the whole plant, because usually there are additional flow resistors (tubing, additional shut-off valves, nozzles etc.) present both before and after the controller. Please use the request for quotation form on p. 11 to indicate the pressures directly before

and after the MFC. If these should be unknown or not accessible to a measurement, estimates are to be made by taking into account the approximate pressure drops over the flow resistors before and after the MFC, respectively, at a flow rate of Q_{nom} . In addition, please quote the maximum inlet pressure p_{1max} to be encountered. This data is needed to make sure the actuator is able to provide a close-tight function within all the specified modes of operation.

- ▶ The request form on page 11 contains the relevant fluid specification. Using the experience of Bürkert engineers already in the design phase provide us with a copy of the request containing the necessary data together with your inquiry or order.

Measuring Principle



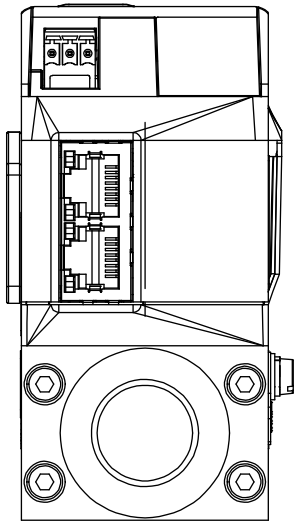
This sensor works as a hot-film anemometer in the so called CTA operational mode (Constant Temperature Anemometer). To do this, two resistors with precisely specified temperature coefficients located directly in the media flow and three resistors located outside the flow are connected together to form a bridge.

The first resistor in the gas flow (RT) measures the fluid temperature, while the second, low value resistor (RS) is heated so that it is maintained at a fixed, predefined overtemperature with respect to the fluid temperature. The heating current required to maintain this is a measure of the heat being removed by the flowing gas, and represents the primary measurement.

An adequate flow conditioning within the MFC and the calibration with high quality flow standards ensure that the mass of gas flowing per time unit can be derived from the primary signal with high accuracy.

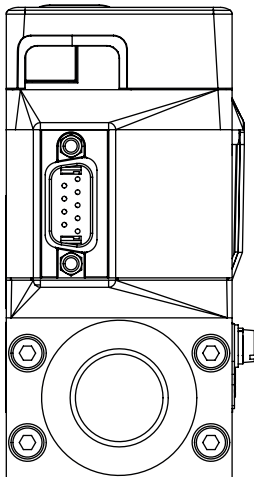
Pin Assignment

8745 Industrial Ethernet



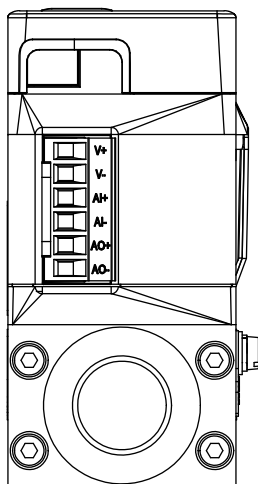
| Terminal block 3 pin | Pin | Assignment |
|----------------------|--------|-----------------------|
| | 1 | FE (Functional earth) |
| | 2 | DGND |
| | 3 | +24 V DC |
| RJ45 socket | Pin | Assignment |
| | 1 | TX + |
| | 2 | TX - |
| | 3 | RX + |
| | 4 | not connected |
| | 5 | not connected |
| | 6 | RX - |
| | 7 | not connected |
| | 8 | not connected |
| Body | SHIELD | |

8745 Analogue



| D-Sub 9 pin, plug | Pin | Assignment |
|-------------------|--------|---------------------------|
| | 1 | Digital input |
| | 2 | GND |
| | 3 | +24 V DC |
| | 4 | Relay - Opener |
| | 5 | Relay - Reference contact |
| | 6 | Set value input + |
| | 7 | Set value input GND |
| | 8 | Actual value output |
| | 9 | Actual value output GND |
| Body | SHIELD | |

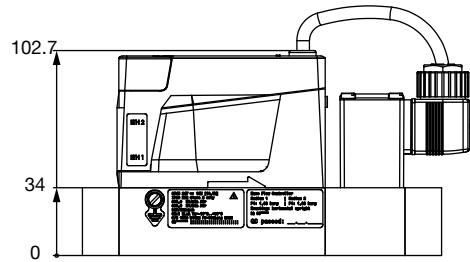
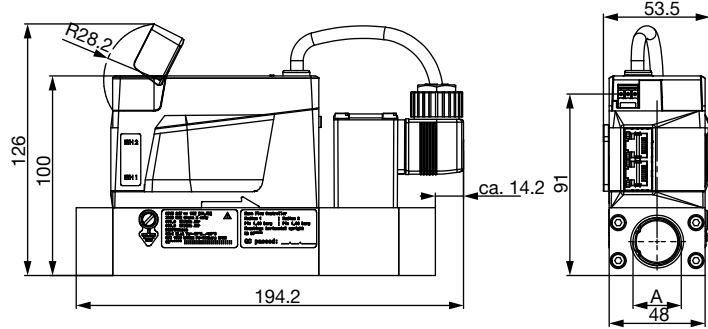
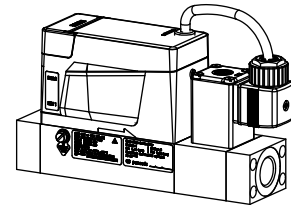
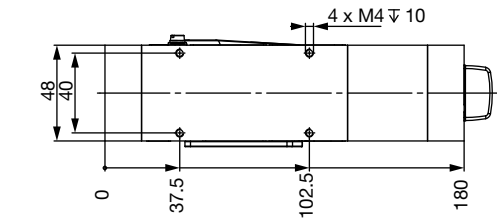
8745 Analogue



| Terminal block 6 pin | Pin | Assignment |
|----------------------|-----|------------------------|
| | 1 | +24 V DC |
| | 2 | GND |
| | 3 | Set value input + |
| | 4 | Set value input GND |
| | 5 | Actual value output + |
| | 6 | Actual value outputGND |

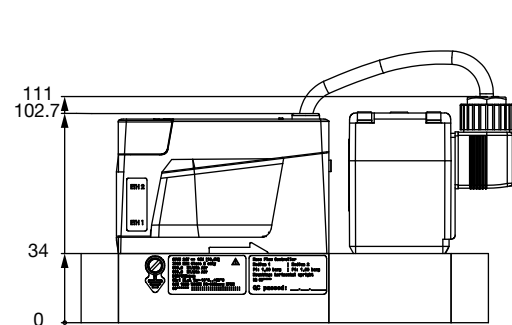
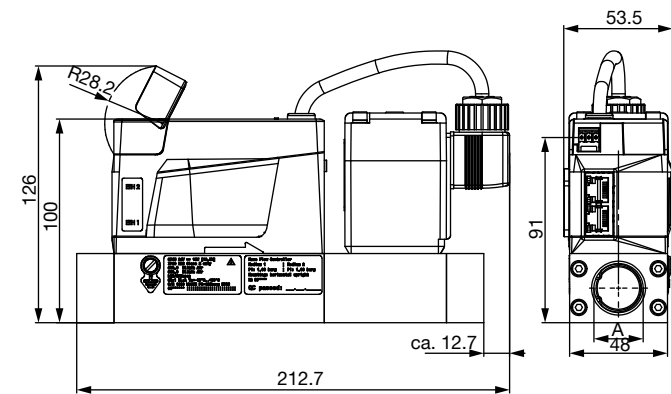
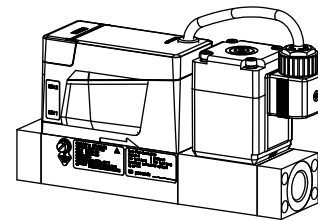
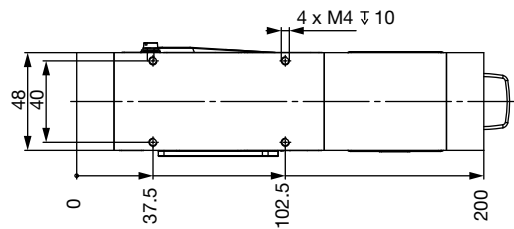
Dimensions [mm] Type 8745

MFC with valve Type 2873 (9 W coil)



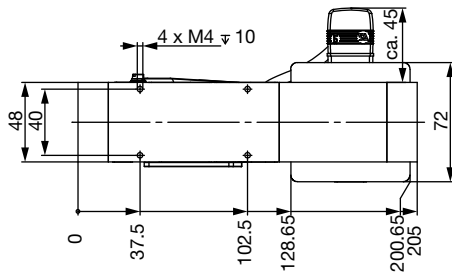
| A | Thread depth |
|-------|--------------|
| G ¼ | 12 |
| NPT ¼ | 11 |
| G ⅜ | 12 |
| NPT ⅜ | 11 |
| G ½ | 15 |
| NPT ½ | 14 |
| G ¾ | 16 |
| NPT ¾ | 15 |

MFC with valve Type 2875 (16 W coil)

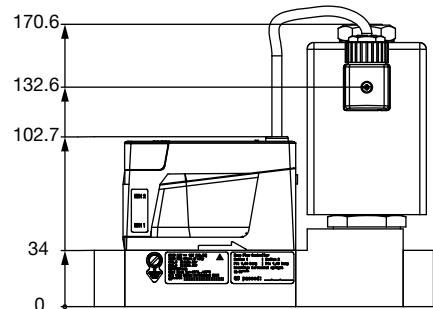
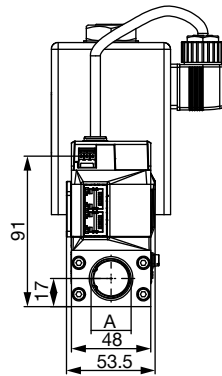
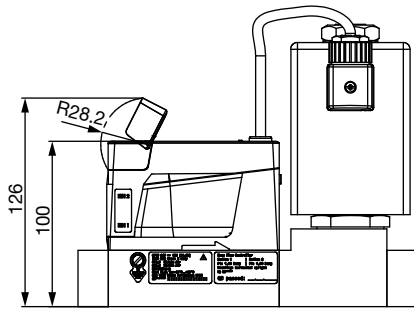
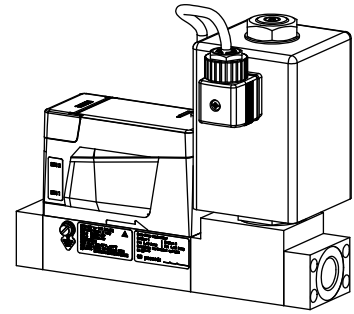


Dimensions [mm] Type 8745

MFC with valve Type 2836 (24 W coil)

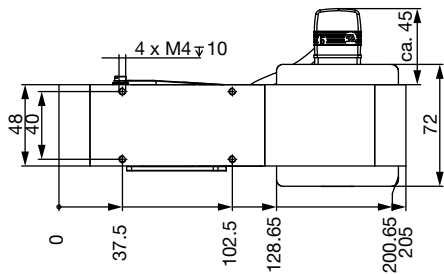


| A | Thread depth |
|---------|--------------|
| G 1/4 | 12 |
| NPT 1/4 | 11 |
| G 3/8 | 12 |
| NPT 3/8 | 11 |
| G 1/2 | 15 |
| NPT 1/2 | 14 |
| G 3/4 | 16 |
| NPT 3/4 | 15 |

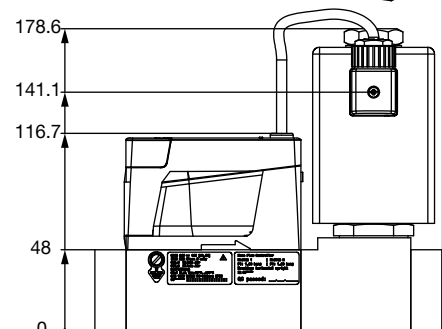
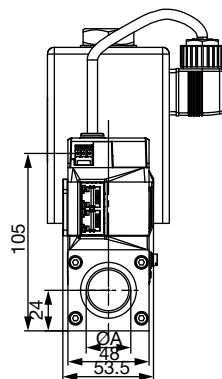
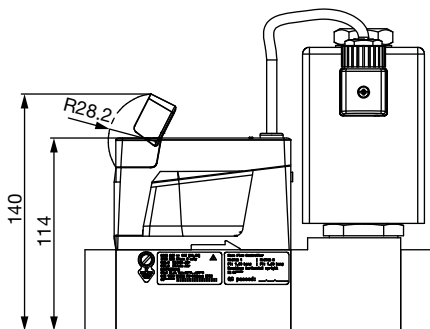
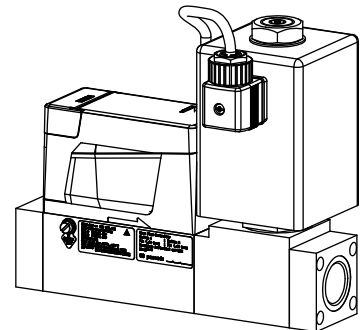


Version with base block for large nominal flow rates

For a nominal flow $Q_{nom} > 1500 \text{ l}_N/\text{min}$ the overall length increases by 30 mm

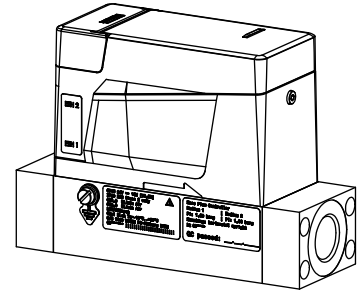
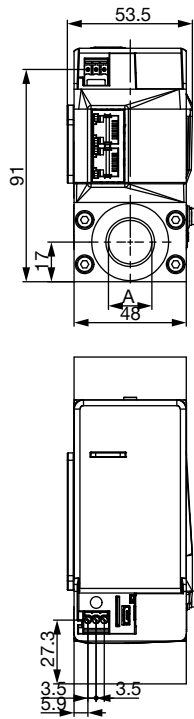
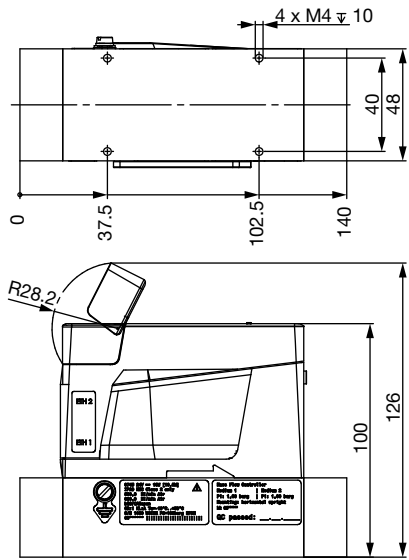


| A | Thread depth |
|---------|--------------|
| G 1/2 | 15 |
| NPT 1/2 | 14 |
| G 3/4 | 16 |
| NPT 3/4 | 15 |
| G 1 | 18 |
| NPT 1 | 16.8 |



Dimensions [mm] Type 8745

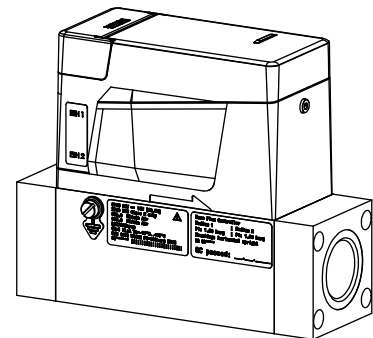
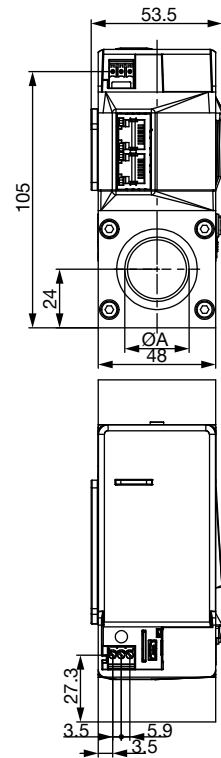
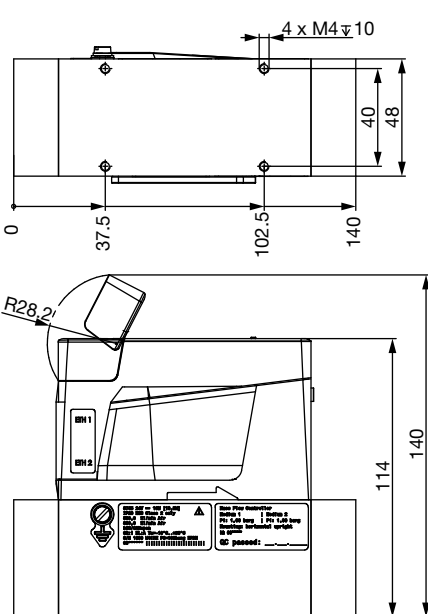
MFM version



| A | Thread depth |
|-------|--------------|
| G ¼ | 12 |
| NPT ¼ | 11 |
| G ⅜ | 12 |
| NPT ⅜ | 11 |
| G ½ | 15 |
| NPT ½ | 14 |
| G ¾ | 16 |
| NPT ¾ | 15 |

Version with base block for large nominal flow rates

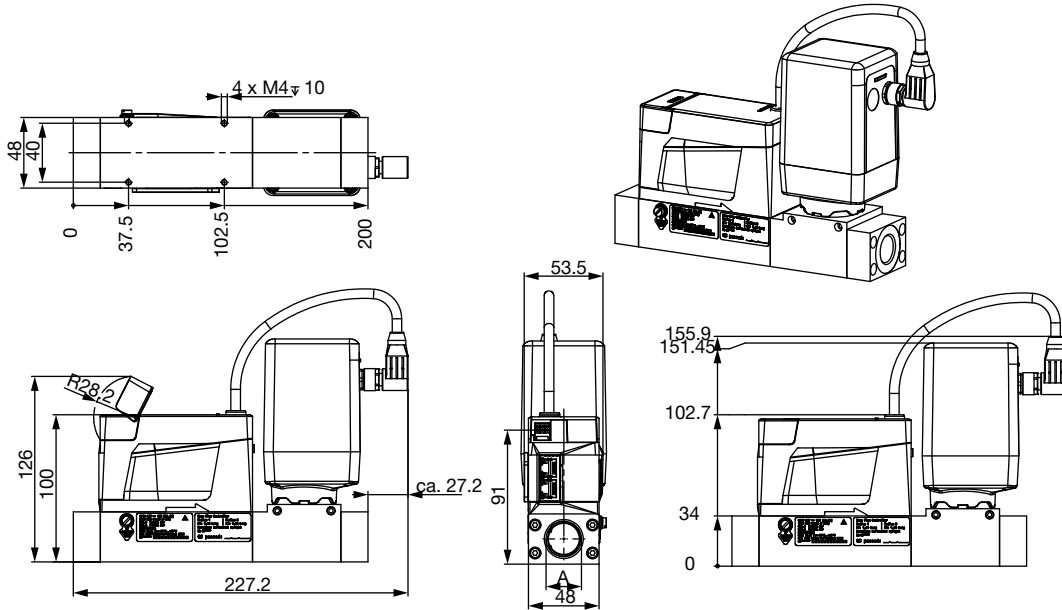
For a nominal flow $Q_{nom} > 1500 l_N/min$ the overall length increases by 30 mm



| A | Thread depth |
|-------|--------------|
| G ½ | 15 |
| NPT ½ | 14 |
| G ¾ | 16 |
| NPT ¾ | 15 |
| G 1 | 18 |
| NPT 1 | 16.8 |

Dimensions [mm] Type 8745

MFC with valve Type 3280

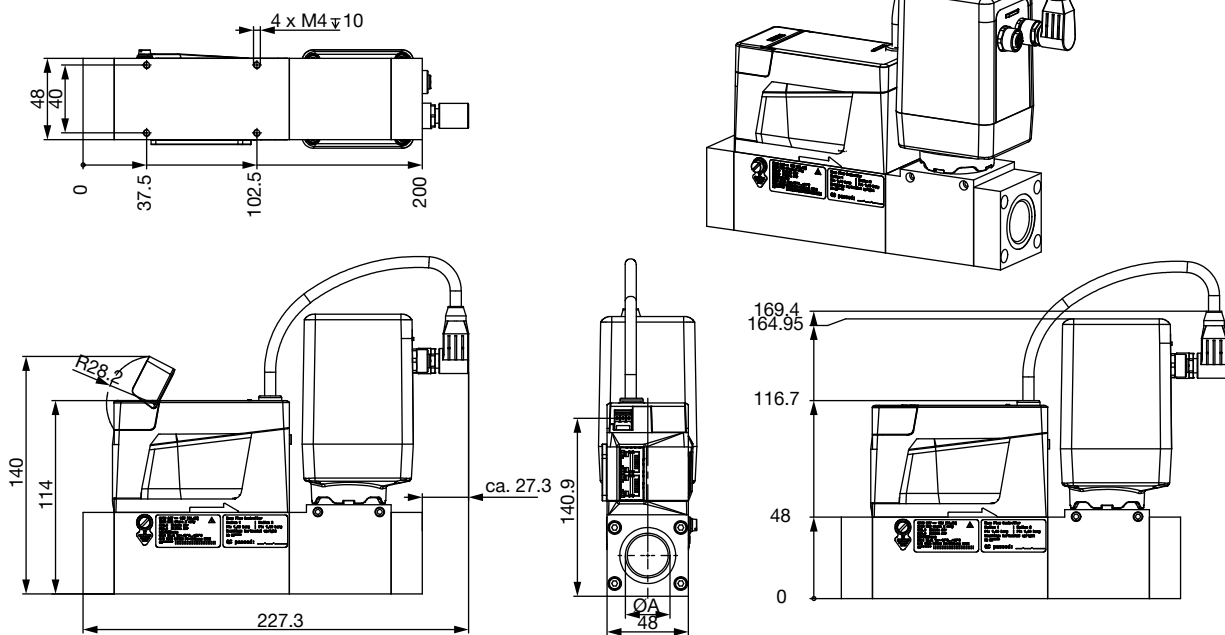


| A | Thread depth |
|---------|--------------|
| G 1/4 | 12 |
| NPT 1/4 | 11 |
| G 3/8 | 12 |
| NPT 3/8 | 11 |
| G 1/2 | 15 |
| NPT 1/2 | 14 |
| G 3/4 | 16 |
| NPT 3/4 | 15 |

| A | Thread depth |
|---------|--------------|
| G 1/2 | 15 |
| NPT 1/2 | 14 |
| G 3/4 | 16 |
| NPT 3/4 | 15 |
| G 1 | 18 |
| NPT 1 | 16.8 |

Version with base block for large nominal flow rates

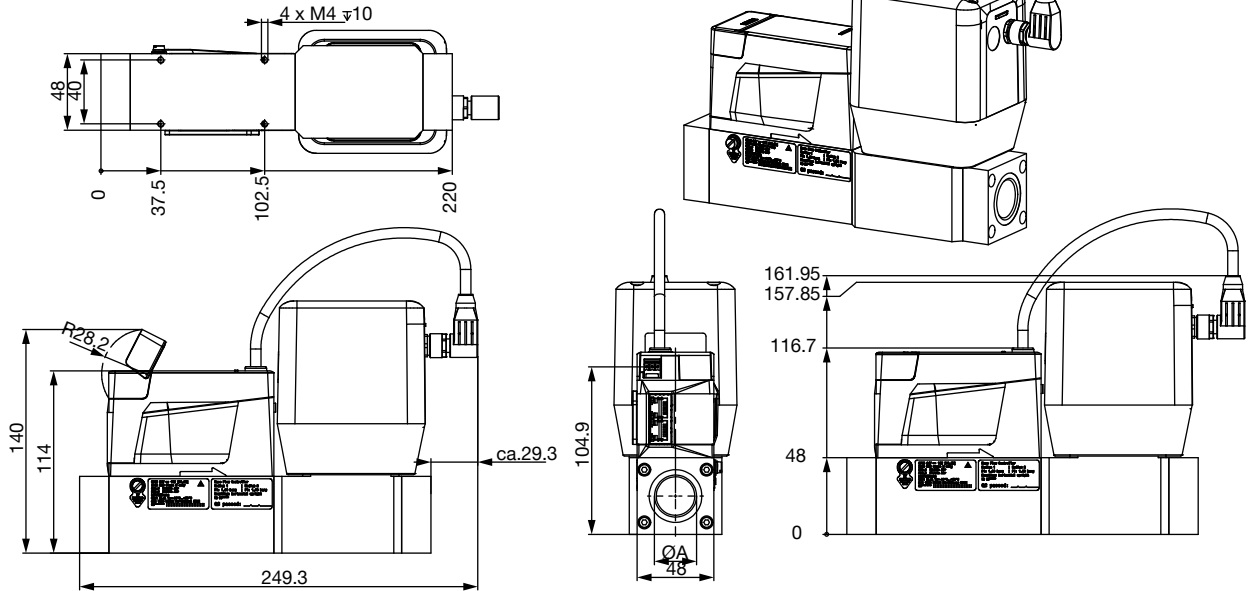
For a nominal flow $Q_{nom} > 1500 \text{ l}_N/\text{min}$ the overall length increases by 30 mm



Dimensions [mm] Type 8745

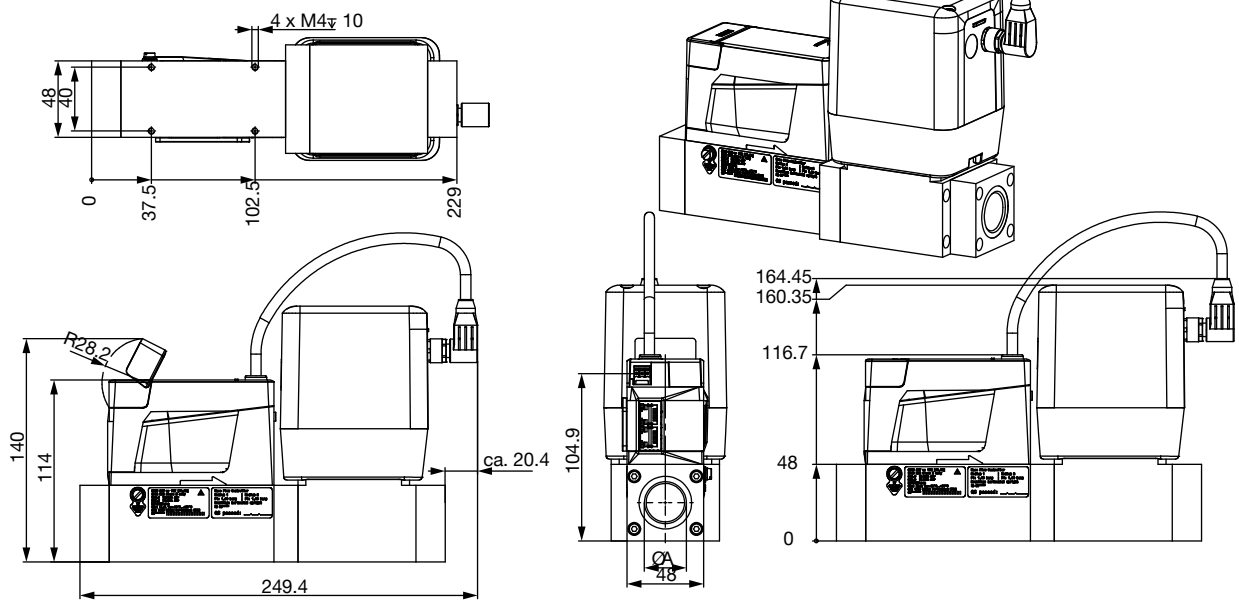
MFC with valve Type 3285

Valve orifice DN12 and DN15



| A | Thread depth |
|---------|--------------|
| G 1/2 | 15 |
| NPT 1/2 | 14 |
| G 3/4 | 16 |
| NPT 3/4 | 15 |
| G 1 | 18 |
| NPT 1 | 16.8 |








Valve orifice DN20 and DN25



Version with base block for large nominal flow rates

For a nominal flow $Q_{nom} > 1500 \text{ l}_N/\text{min}$ the overall length increases by 30 mm

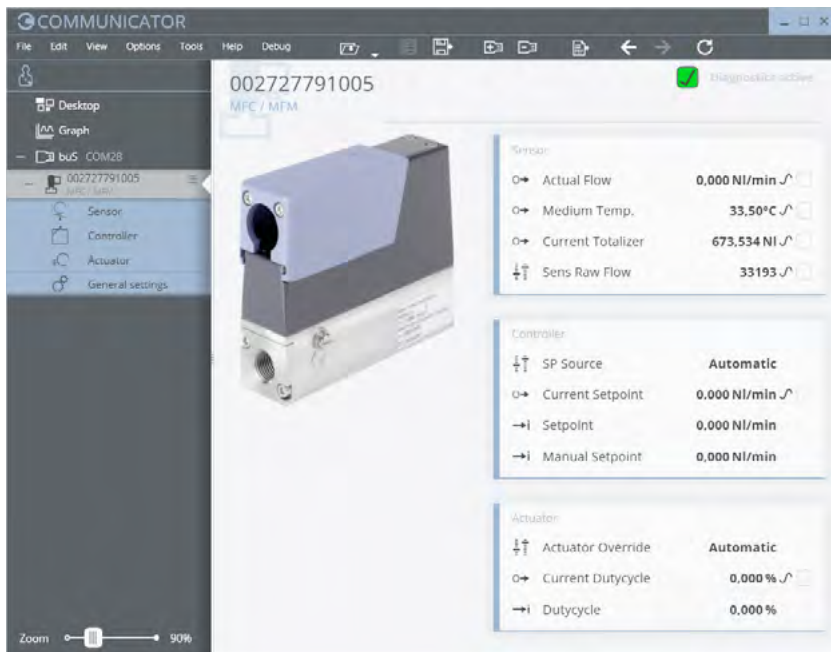
Ordering Chart for Accessories

| Article | Article no. |
|--|--|
| büS-Stick Set 2 (incl. cable (M12 and Micro-USB), Stick with integrated terminating resistor) | 772551  |
| Power supply Type 1573 for rail mounting, 100 ... 240 V AC/ 24 V DC, 1.25 A, NEC Class 2 (UL 1310) | 772438  |
| Power supply Type 1573 for rail mounting, 100 ... 240 V AC/ 24 V DC, 1 A, NEC Class 2 (UL 1310) | 772361  |
| Power supply Type 1573 for rail mounting, 100 ... 240 V AC/ 24 V DC, 2 A, NEC Class 2 (UL 1310) | 772362  |
| Power supply Type 1573 for rail mounting, 100 ... 240 V AC/ 24 V DC, 4 A | 772363  |
| µSIM-Card (included in delivery of MFC) | on request |
| LabVIEW device driver | on request |
| Device description files for PROFINET (GSDML), Ethernet/IP (EDS), EtherCAT (ESI) | Download from www.burkert.com |
| Software Bürkert Communicator | Download from www.burkert.com |
| For 8745 Analogue | |
| Terminal block 6 pin (for 8745 Standard; included in delivery of the corresponding analog version) | on request |
| Connector cable D-Sub 9 to leads, 5 m | 580882  |
| Connector cable D-Sub 9 to leads, 10 m | 580883  |

To connect the MFC / MFM with the „Bürkert Communicator“ software tool, you need a büS-stick. The connection is made via the micro-USB socket on the device (büS-Stick Set 2 contains the necessary accessories).

Attention: The interface to the „Bürkert Communicator“ software tool is based on CANopen. The appropriate bus termination is mandatory. Hence, please activate the connectible termination resistor on the büS-Stick.

Software Bürkert Communicator



To install the software, click on the download button.

Part of Bürkert's new EDIP program (Efficient Device Integration Platform) is the Bürkert Communicator. This software can be run under MS-Windows and it is available on Bürkert's website for free. The Bürkert Communicator allows convenient system configuration and parameterization of all connected field devices. An accessory part, the büS stick – please see ordering chart for accessories – serves as the interface between computer and process instruments. It transfers "USB data" to "CAN data". The Communicator allows:

- Diagnosis - Parameterization - Registration and storage of process data. The Communicator allows:
- Diagnosis
- Parameterization
- Registration and storage of process data
- Data logging
- To watch graph of process
- To update firmware of the büS device connected
- To program system controls by User-f(x) – e.g. gas blending
- Guided re-calibration
- ...

